

incandescent material will liberate oxides of carbon, hydrochloric acid, chlorine and

phosgene

#### **SECTION 1 PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION AND USE** PRODUCT IDENTIFIER: PRESSLINE BLANKET FIX 0-minimal, 1-slight, 2-moderate, 3-serious, 4-severe (Blanket Repair Solution for Printing Presses) HEALTH HAZARD: FIRE HAZARD: SUPPLIER'S NAME: KELLY PAPER REACTIVITY: 0 PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT: C STREET ADDRESS 288 BREA CONYON ROAD, CITY OF INDUSTRY CA 91789 OFFICE TELEPHONE: FAX: 24 HR. EMERGENCY TELEPHONE Safety Protective 909-859-8200 909-859-8903 800-424-9300 CHEMTREC Glasses Gloves Apron DO NOT BREATHE VAPORS. DO NOT GET IN EYES, THIS IS AN INDUSTRIAL CHEMICAL PRODUCT. ALL INDUSTRIAL CHEMICAL SKIN. DO NOT GET ON CLOTHING. DO NOT INGEST PRODUCTS POSE AN INHERENT HEALTH RISK. BEFORE USE ALWAYS READ COMPLETE LABEL AND MSDS FOR SAFE HANDLING PROCEDURES SECTION 2 – INGREDIENT INFORMATION INGREDIENTS CAS NUMBER HAZARD DATA \*These ingredients are subject to the reporting requirements of SARA 313 and 40 CFR 372 80.0 75-09-2 OSHA (PEL-TWA) 25ppm (Skin) **OSHA** Carcinogen Dichloromethane\* OSHA (STEL) - 125ppm Proposition 65 Ingredient ACGIH (TLV) TWA 50ppm ACGIH (TLV) TWA 300ppm Aliphatic petroleum distillates 2.0 64742-89-8 67-56-1 ACGIH (TLV) TWA 200ppm Skin Methanol' 14.0 ALL INGREDIENTS ARE LISTED IN THE US TOXIC SUBSTANCE CONTROL ACT (TSCA) **SECTION 3 - PHYSICAL** ODOR AND APPEARANCE SPECIFIC GRAVITY PHYSICAL STATE WATER SOLUBILITY LIQUID Viscous turbid liquid Not Soluble Not applicable 1.32 Chlorinated solvent odor VAPOR PRESSURE VAPOR DENSITY **EVAPORATION RATE** V.O.C.'s BOILING POINT (°F) (MM Hg) of pure solvent (AIR=1)(Butyl acetate = 1) 16 % by Mass 340 @ 20°C 1.8 lb per Gallon (216 g/l) >1 **SECTION 4 - FIRE AND EXPLOSION DATA FLAMMABILITY** IF YES, UNDER YES □ NO ■ WHICH CONDITIONS? \* Not flammable, but product may burn under extreme conditions **EXTINGUISHING MEDIA** SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES: CARBON DIOXIDE, DRY CHEMICAL, UNIVERSAL FOAM. Use self contained breathing apparatus. UPPER FLAMMABLE LIMIT LOWER FLAMMABLE LIMIT FLASHPOINT (°F) AND METHOD (% BY VOLUME): Unknown None by TCC (% BY VOLUME): Unknown HAZARDOUS COMBUSTION PRODUCTS AUTOIGNITION TEMPERATURE (°C) Oxides of carbon and hydrocarbons. Not known **EXPLOSION** SENSITIVITY TO SENSITIVITY TO STATIC DISCHARGE \* NOT KNOWN **IMPACT** YES DATA NO **SECTION 5 - REACTIVITY DATA** CHEMICAL STABILITY CONDITIONS CONTRIBUTING TO HAZARDOUS POLYMERISATION YES ■ NO □ None INCOMPATIBILTY WITH OTHER SUBSTANCES Strong oxidizing agents. Do not store in aluminium containers HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: In contact with open flame or This product is not photochemically reactive



## PRODUCT IDENTIFIER \* PRESSLINE BLANKET FIX

# **SECTION 6 - TOXICOLOGICAL PROPERTIES**

**ROUTES OF ENTRY** 

SKIN CONTACT ■

SKIN ABSORPTION ■

EYE CONTACT ■

INHALATION ■

INGESTION ■

**ACUTE EXPOSURE TO PRODUCT**: Inhalation - Inhalation can cause severe irritation of the respiratory tract, signs of central nervous system depression, dizziness nausea and headache. Eye - Will cause severe irritation, burning, redness and tearing. Skin - Severe burning on contact since material clings to surfaces. Ingestion causes irritation of the digestive tract. Ingestion of methanol can cause blindness and can be fatal. Aspiration into the lungs can lead to pulmonary odema and chemical pneumonia which can prove fatal. Prolonged over-exposure can lead to narcosis, respiratory failure, coma.

**CHRONIC EXPOSURE TO PRODUCT**: Prolonged skin contact may aggravate an existing dermatitis. Prolonged and repeated exposure to the pure solvent contained in this product has been reported to cause permanent brain and central nervous system damage.

**CARCINOGENICITY**: Dichloromethane is listed by OSHA and NTP as a human carcinogen.

Dichloromethane is listed in Proposition 65 as known to the sate of California to cause cancer.

TARGET ORGAN EFFECTS: Eyes, skin, respiratory system. Over-exposure has been linked to blood, liver and kidney abnormalities in animal studies.

### **EMERGENCY FIRST AID PROCEDURES:**

EYES: Flush with running water for at least 15 minutes. Seek medical attention.

SKIN: wash affected area with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and launder before re-use.

**INHALATION:** Remove victim to fresh air. Administer oxygen and/or artificial respiration if breathing difficulties occur. Seek medical attention

**INGESTION:** Do not induce vomiting. Material is an aspiration hazard, may enter lungs and cause lung damage. Seek immediate medical attention.

## **SECTION 7 - PREVENTATIVE MEASURES**

GLOVES

RESPIRATOR: Use NIOSH approved SCBA in

EYE (SPECIFY)
Splash proof goggles or face shield

Nitrile for incidental, non-immersion contact. | emergency situations or confined areas. | Splash proof of CLOTHING: Boots, aprons, or chemical suits should be used when necessary to prevent skin contact.

**ENGINEERING CONTROLS** (SPECIFY, EG. VENTILATION, ENCLOSED PROCESS): Use local exhaust or dilution ventilation as appropriate to control exposure below permissible levels. Vapors are heavier than air and will collect in low areas

**LEAK AND SPILL PROCEDURE**: Extinguish all sources of ignition. Provide maximum ventilation. Dike area to contain spill. Take precautions to prevent contamination of ground and surface waters. Recover spilled material using absorbent material such as vermiculite and sweep into closed containers for disposal.

**WASTE DISPOSAL**: Contaminated vermiculite or porous surface must be disposed of in a permitted hazardous waste facility. Recovered liquids may be reprocessed or incinerated in a permitted hazardous waste facility. In all cases material should be disposed of in accordance with all applicable regulations.

**HANDLING PROCEDURES AND EQUIPMENT**: Keep container closed when not in use. Store only in closed, properly labeled containers. Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area away from heat sparks and open flames. Treat empty containers as containing hazardous residues.

# **ADDITIONAL INFORMATION**

**CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65**: This regulation does not address "de minimis" levels. Therefore even trace amounts of chemicals on these lists must be identified. Trace quantities refer low levels of materials whose exact concentrations may not always be determined because of their minuteness.

This product contains the following chemicals known by the state of California to cause cancer: Dichlormethane This product contains following chemicals known by the state of California to cause reproductive harm: None

SHIPPING INFORMATION: Dichloromethane solution, 6.1, UN 1593, PG III

### **SECTION 9 - PREPARATION AND DATE OF MSDS**

PREPARED BY (GROUP DEPARTMENT, ETC.)
APC TECHNICAL SERVICES DEPARTMENT

PHONE NUMBER 1-800-327-8487 DATE Sept 2010

The above information is believed to be correct as of the date hereof and is based on data supplied by raw material suppliers, however, no warranty of merchantability, fitness for use, or any other warranty is expressed or is to be implied regarding the accuracy of these data, the results to be obtained from the use of the material, or the hazards connected with each use. Since the information contained herein may be applied under conditions beyond our control and with which we are unfamiliar, and since the data made available subsequent to the date hereof may suggest modifications of the information, we do not assume responsibility for the results of its' use. This information is furnished on the condition that the person receiving it shall make his own determination as to the suitability of the material for his particular purpose and on the condition that he assume risk of his use thereof.